

Mailing Address:
Pacific Gas & Electric Company
Gateway Generating Station
3225 Wilbur Ave.
Antioch, CA 94509
(925) 522-7801

September 16, 2010

Mr. Jack Caswell Compliance Program Manager California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street, MS-2000 Sacramento, CA 95814

Reference:

PG&E Gateway Generating Station (00-AFC-01C)

Subject:

PETITION FOR INSIGNIFICANT PROJECT CHANGE TO PLANT FACILITY

Dear Mr. Caswell,

After nearly two years of operation, we have discovered the need to perform several minor changes at our facility. In reviewing these changes, we find that they do not require any change to our Conditions of Certification; however, in an abundance of caution, I am submitting the enclosed petition for your approval.

Enclosed is PETITION FOR INSIGNIFICANT PROJECT CHANGE TO PLANT FACILITY to include the following modifications:

- 1. Replacement of trailer-mounted demineralized water treatment package with rack-mounted Reverse Osmosis (RO) system.
- 2. Installation of roof covers to protect the following equipment/devices:
 - a. Two (2) DCS Cabinets on HRSG A and HRSG B
 - b. Four (4) Boiler Feed-water Pump Motors on HRSG A and HRSG B.
 - c. Gas Chromatograph
 - d. Trash Bins
 - e. Reverse Osmosis (RO) System
- 3. Addition of pre-fabricated metal utility shed for storage of maintenance and mechanical equipment
- 4. Addition of two "TUFF" metal sheds for storage of electrical grounding equipment.
- 5. Addition of two hazardous material/waste storage metal sheds

We reviewed the Commission Decision (00-AFC-1); and we believe that the above requested insignificant modifications will not result in any new environmental impacts or require any modifications to the existing Conditions of Certification contained in the Final Decision. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Angel Espiritu at (925) 522-7838.

Sincerely.

Ronald A. Gawer Senior Plant Manager

Enclosure: a/s Cc: File

PETITION FOR INSIGNIFICANT PROJECT CHANGES AT GATEWAY GENERATING STATION

- 1. Replacement of Trailer-mounted Demineralized Water Treatment Package with Rack-mounted Reverse Osmosis System
 - a. **Description of Modification:** This modification proposes to replace the existing trailer-mounted demineralized water treatment package with rackmounted reverse osmosis (RO) system that includes a water polisher. The new installation with area dimension of 5' x 20' will be staged within the existing bermed area (28' x 50'). (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout for location of the proposed modification.) The RO system will utilize less than 50 gallons each at any given time of sodium hydroxide, sodium bi-sulfite, and Vitec 3000 (a proprietary product with mostly sodium hydroxide as a component). Both sodium hydroxide and sodium bi-sulfite are listed in HAZ-1 Appendix C Table 8.12-4 of the Commission Decision 900-AFC-1). (See Attachment B: RO System Process Description and Flow Diagram.)
 - b. **Necessity for the Modification:** The existing trailer-mounted demineralized water treatment package requires that the old 40-foot trailer be pulled out and replaced with new one once every two to three weeks. Movement of the trailer has potential safety concerns to property and employees with handling of heavy hoses and also increased potential for spillage of processed water. With the use a rack-mounted RO system, this safety issue will be eliminated as the rack-mounted RO system will not need to be pulled out for replacement, as it is a fixed structure. (The RO system, though, will need to replace filters occasionally.) Also, the RO system package has associated monetary cost saving.
 - Modification was not known at the time of Certification: The need for modification become apparent only after several months of normal operation.
 - d. If the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, an explanation of why the change should be permitted: The modification does not change or undermine in any way the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other basis of the CEC Final Decision (00-AFC-1).
 - e. Analysis of the impacts the modification may have on the environment: The replacement of the trailer-mounted water treatment package (demineralizer) with rack-mounted water treatment package (RO System) will have no significant adverse impacts on the environment. The RO reject water will be discharge through the Delta Diablo Sanitation

- District (DDSD) treatment system. (See Attachment C: DDSD's Approval of RO Reject Water to their Treatment System.)
- f. Analysis on the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards: The proposed modification does not impact the facility's ability to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.
- g. A discussion of how the proposed modification affects the public: This modification will have no adverse effect on the public. The visual impact of the modification will, in fact, be reduced from a 40-footer trailer water treatment package to a rack-mounted RO system occupying a surface area with approximate dimension of 5' x 20'. The change, however, will not likely be noticeable to the public as there are tanks and a building existing between the system and the property boundary.
- h. **Property owners potentially affected by the modification** It is anticipated that no property owners will be affected by the proposed modification.

2. Roof Covers

- a. **Description of Modification:** This modification proposes the installation of roof covers using steel structures (whenever applicable and available) to protect equipment/devices form rain and other outdoor elements. The roof covers will be installed on the following:
 - 1. Two (2) DCS Cabinets (20' x 30') one each at HRSG-A and HRSG-B at elevation 35 feet above grade level. The roof cover will be attached to existing structural frames. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 2.a.1, for site location.)
 - 2. Four (4) Boiler Feed-water Pumps (10' x 10') two each at HRSG-A and HRSG-B on grade level. The roof cover will be attached to existing structural frames. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 2.a.2, for site location.)
 - 3. Gas Chromatograph (3' x 4') in the gas yard on grade level. The cover will be attached to existing structural frames. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 2.a.3, for site location.)
 - 4. Trash Bins (10' x 16') on ground level. There will be additional six columns (10' H) to support this roof cover. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 2.a.4, for site location.)
 - 5. RO equipment (10' x 50') and (12' x 18') on grade level and on existing concrete floor. There will be additional columns (10' H) to

support the roof cover. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 2.a.5, for site location.)

- b. Necessity for the Modification: The installation of roof covers is needed to protect the equipment/devices from rain water and other out-door elements. The functionality of some equipment in the above list, e.g. DCS cabinets, gas chromatograph, motors, and water treatment package can be impacted, hence, may potentially trip the power generating units, when allowed to remain exposed to rain water and other elements. This issue was made obvious upon discovery of water damage to the internals of several pieces of equipment. Hence, to ensure continued operational availability of the facility, the roof covers are needed. Also, the cover on the trash bin can enhance the existing facility SWPPP best management practice (BMP) by preventing water intrusion into the bins, which can potentially be discharge on the ground and the storm water system of the site. On both cases, the installation of roof covers aims to mitigate the identified impacts.
- c. Modification was not known at the time of Certification: The need for modification become apparent only after several months of normal operation.
- d. If the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, an explanation of why the change should be permitted: The modification does not change or undermine in any way the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other basis of the CEC Final Decision (00-AFC-1).
- e. Analysis of the impacts the modification may have on the environment: The installation of roof covers on the indicated equipment/devices will have no significant adverse impacts on the environment. The visual impact of the proposed installation will be minimal and will not likely be noticeable to the public. The roof cover will be painted to match the existing CEC approved color for the facility and will blend in with existing structure.
- f. Analysis on the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards: The proposed modification does not impact the facility's ability to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.
- g. A discussion of how the proposed modification affects the public: This modification will have no adverse effect on the public. The minimal visual impact will be mitigated by painting the structure with color that matches the existing CEC approved color for the facility.

h. Property owners potentially affected by the modification It is anticipated that no property owners will be affected by the proposed modification

3. <u>Pre-fabricated Utility Sheds</u>

- a. Description of Modification: This modification proposes to install a prefabricated metal utility shed with dimension: 16' x 40' x 10' H, to store maintenance and mechanical equipment. Concrete flooring will be provided for this installation. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 3, for location of the proposed modification.) (See Attachment D: Photo of Typical Pre-fabricated Metal Shed.)
- b. Necessity for the Modification: The utility shed will protect maintenance and mechanical equipment from being exposed to rain and other out-door elements. This modification will protect property and ensure continued availability of critical tools for maintaining continued operation of the facility.
- Modification was not known at the time of Certification: The need for modification become apparent only after several months of normal operation.
- d. If the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, an explanation of why the change should be permitted: The modification does not change or undermine in any way the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other basis of the CEC Final Decision (00-AFC-1).
- e. Analysis of the impacts the modification may have on the environment: The installation of the utility shed will have no significant adverse impact on the environment. The visual impact of the proposed modification is negligible as the shed will not visible from any property line. The metal shed will be painted with color that matches the existing CEC approved color for the facility.
- f. Analysis on the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards: The proposed modification does not impact the facility's ability to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.
- g. A discussion of how the proposed modification affects the public: This modification will have no adverse effect on the public.

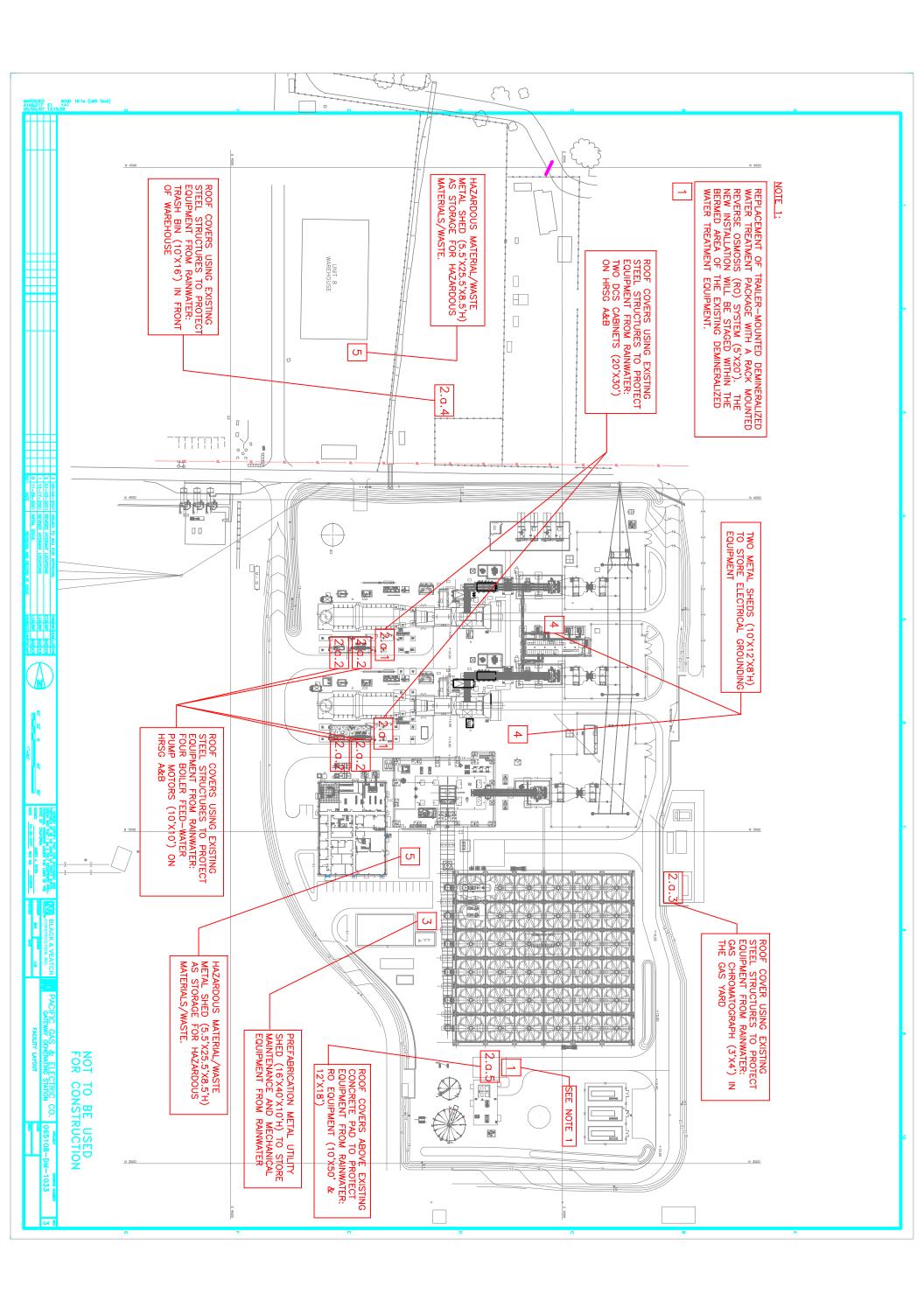
h. **Property owners potentially affected by the modification** It is anticipated that no property owners will be affected by the proposed modification

4. Metal "Tuff" Sheds

- a. **Description of Modification:** This modification proposes to install two (2) metal "Tuff" sheds with dimension: 10' x 12' x 8'H, on grade level to store electrical grounding equipment. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 4, for location of the proposed modification.)
- b. **Necessity for the Modification:** The metal "Tuff" sheds are needed to enhance safety and protection of personnel and property. The electrical grounding equipment, which will be stored in the sheds, is critical to safe operation and maintenance of the facility. The sheds will protect vital equipment from being exposed to rain and other out-door elements, hence ensuring continued availability of properly maintained equipment.
- c. Modification was not known at the time of Certification: The need for modification become apparent only after several months of normal operation.
- d. If the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, an explanation of why the change should be permitted: The modification does not change or undermine in any way the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other basis of the CEC Final Decision (00-AFC-1).
- e. Analysis of the impacts the modification may have on the environment: The installation of the utility shed will have no significant adverse impact on the environment. The visual impact of the proposed modification is minimal and will not likely be noticeable to the public. The minimal visual impact will be mitigated by painting the metal sheds with color that matches the existing CEC approved color for the facility.
- f. Analysis on the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards: The proposed modification does not impact the facility's ability to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.
- g. A discussion of how the proposed modification affects the public: This modification will have no adverse effect on the public.
- h. **Property owners potentially affected by the modification** It is anticipated that no property owners will be affected by the proposed modification.

- 5. Portable Metal Sheds for Hazardous Materials/Waste Storage
 - a. **Description of Modification:** This modification proposes to install two (2) portable metal sheds with dimension: 5.5' x 25.5' x 8.5'H, on grade level to store hazardous materials/waste. (See Attachment A: Marked-up Facility Layout, labeled 5, for location of the proposed modification.) The shed is equipped with secondary containment, fire suppression equipment, and eye-wash station. (See Attachment E: Hazardous Materials/ Waste Shed Specification). The hazardous material/waste storage is a component part of the Waste Management Plan for the facility. The plan was submitted to CEC to comply with Condition of Certification WASTE-2 on December 3, 2008.
 - Necessity for the Modification: The installation of portable metal sheds for hazardous materials/waste storage is needed to comply with the facility's commitment with its Waste Management Plan
 - c. **Modification was not known at the time of Certification:** The actual specification for the proposed sheds was not known at the time of certification, but the need for the hazardous materials/waste storage is required under the facility's Waste Management Plan.
 - d. If the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, an explanation of why the change should be permitted: The modification does not change or undermine in any way the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other basis of the CEC Final Decision (00-AFC-1).
 - e. Analysis of the impacts the modification may have on the environment: The installation of the metal sheds will have no significant adverse impact on the environment. In fact, the sheds are needed to more effectively manage hazardous materials/waste at the site, hence, protecting the environment.
 - f. Analysis on the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards: The proposed modification does not impact the facility's ability to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.
 - g. A discussion of how the proposed modification affects the public: This modification will have no adverse effect on the public.
 - h. **Property owners potentially affected by the modification** It is anticipated that no property owners will be affected by the proposed modification

ATTACHMENT A MARKED-UP FACILITY LAYOUT



ATTACHMENT B REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEM (RO): PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND FLOW DIAGRAM



Siemens Water Technologies Corp. Integrated Solutions 2501 N. Barrington Road Hoffman Estates, IL 60192

Phone - (847) 713-8460 Fax: (847) 713-8480

DATE June 21, 2010 TO: Vinh Nguyen

PREPARED BY: Paul Sandell, <u>paul.sandell@siemens.com</u> (530-672-6774)

SUBJECT: Scope Package – RO System

CUSTOMER NAME: PG&E, Gateway Generating Station

CUSTOMER LOCATION: Antioch, CA

SCOPE

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

PG and E Gateway Generating Power Plant will be providing City of Antioch, CA city water mixed with water from the plant Reclaim tank for processing by Siemens. Design includes specialized iron media filtration, 2 pass Reverse Osmosis to minimize the DI loading as much as possible (99.9% mineral removal), caustic interstage feed for complete CO2 removal to protect the anion capacity, and two stage lead/lag Mixed Bed DI Polish. The feed water is detailed in the water analysis shown in Attachment A.

MEDIA FILTER

One (1) Preflex 54"specialized media filter is provided. Unit is 54" in diameter with a 72" side sheet which contains activated media to capture iron. Based on plant feedwater and reclaim testing, the iron levels were very high. Iron poses a high risk for membrane fouling if left untreated.

During maximum production periods (60 gpm demin water) the filter will deliver 95 gpm operating at 6.0 gpm/ft². The typical maximum level recommended is 5 gpm/ft², so under normal routine conditions, the system will be run at 50 gpm demin water. This reduction will lower the pretreatment flux to appropriate typical 5 gpm/ft², allowing us to only use 1 filter unit. The differential pressure across the filter will be continuously monitored and a backwashing sequence will be automatically initiated when an increase in pressure loss of 10 psi is noted across the beds. Backwash wastewater will be sent to the backwash holding tank prior to being regulated out to the city sewer along with the RO reject flow.

1ST PASS REVERSE OSMOSIS

Filtered water will be fed to the first pass reverse osmosis unit. The RO unit provided is arranged in a 2x2x1-4M array and containing (20) 365 ft² membrane modules. The RO unit will operate at a maximum 70% recovery with a conservative flux of 12.6 gfd. The RO train is capable of producing 70 gpm which will be fed to the downstream second pass RO unit. RO reject will be direct fed to PG and E for sewer disposal.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE FEED SYSTEM

Caustic will be added to the first pass RO product water. Carbon dioxide, which is not rejected by the RO membranes, will be converted to alkalinity, which is rejected by the RO membranes. This will significantly reduce the load on the mixed-bed units used to polish the RO product water. The sodium hydroxide feed system will be automatically controlled by an on-line pH monitor. At the maximum production rate (60 gpm demin water), it is expected that the daily usage of 15% sodium hydroxide will be <.25 gallons per day.

2ND PASS REVERSE OSMOSIS

One second-pass RO units is provided, arranged in a 1x1x1-4M array and containing (12) 350 ft² membrane modules. The RO units operate at 85-90% recovery with a conservative flux of 18.7 gfd. Reject from the second-pass RO units is recycled to the feed of the first-pass RO units. Note that the second pass RO unit is on the same skid as the first pass RO unit, along with a mixing chamber tube, specifically for caustic reaction time.

MIXED BED POLISHERS-OFF SITE REGENERABLE

Product water from the second-pass RO units is polished through off-site regenerable mixed-bed ion exchange resin vessels arranged in a lead-lag configuration. The polisher will provide the insurance that TDS and silica always meets the final specifications. Two (2) IX48 units will be installed with one in lead and one in lag, each being 48" in diameter and containing 60 ft³ of mixed-bed resin. Exchange frequency of DI polisher unit is predicted at one every 3 months per tank.

The DI water will be sent to PG and E's 100,000+ gallon DI storage tank. DI Storage tank level signals will be provided to Siemens for RO on/off operations.

EQUIPMENT AND CONTROLS SCOPE OF SUPPLY

The proposed system includes the following equipment and instrumentation.

1. **MEDIA FILTRATION**

1.1. One (1) Siemens Water Technologies 54" Dia. Media Filter unit, pre-skidded assembly complete with controls, PVC facepiping, valves, instrumentation.

2. ANTISCALANT CHEMICAL FEED

- 2.1. One (1) duplex feed pump skid, one (1) online / (1) installed spare
- 2.2. **One (1) Day Tank**
- 2.3. One (1) Double Containment tank 110% day tank capacity

3. BISULFITE CHEMICAL FEED – Existing Equipment owned by PG and E

- 3.1. One (1) duplex feed pump skid, one (1) online / (1) installed spare
- 3.2. **One (1) Day Tank**
- 3.3. One (1) Double Containment tank 110% day tank capacity

4. **REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEM**

- 4.1. One (1) Siemens Water Technologies model M284, Two Pass RO unit, pre-skidded complete with:
 - 4.1.1. **High Pressure Pump**
 - 4.1.2. **480V Power Panel with step-down transformer**
 - 4.1.3. **PLC controls** –
 - 4.1.4. Caustic Feed injection point on-skid

5. INTERSTAGE CAUSTIC CHEMICAL FEED

- 5.1. One (1) feed pump skid
- **5.2. One (1) Day Tank**
- 5.3. One (1) Double Containment tank 110% day tank capacity

6. **ION EXCHANGE**

6.1. One (1)IX-48 exchange LEAD DI vessel, 60 cf of mixed bed DI resin

6.2. One (1) IX-48 exchange LAG DI vessel, 60 cf of mixed bed DI resin

7. **INSTRUMENTION AND CONTROLS**

7.1. The following are in addition to the instruments that are part of each unit operation or listed above.

INSTRUMENT	FEED	DI POLISH
Flow Meter	Y	Y
Conductivity	Y	Y
Chlorine	Y	
Silica – New Instrument Hach5000		Y

Terminal strips, enclosure, and miscellaneous devices.		
Remote monitoring.	N	
Power distribution	N	
Motor Control Center (dual feed)	N	
PC, PC accessories, software included where applicable.	N	
Class-I, Div. II requirements	N	

FEED WATER ANALYSIS: City of Antioch, CA Feed Water analysis mixed with Reclaim

Gateway Generating Station analysis dated 12/2/2009

Constituent	Units	City Water	Reclaim Water
Calcium (Ca)	ppm	14	12
Magnesium (Mg)	ppm	11	9.1
Sodium (Na)	ppm	59	47
Potassium (K)	ppm	3	2.3
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃) Alkalinity	ppm as CaCO ₃	63.6	53.5
Carbonate (CO ₃) Alkalinity	ppm as CaCO ₃	0	0
Sulfate (SO ₄)	ppm	34	27
Chloride (Cl)	ppm	85	69
Phosphate (PO4)	ppm as CaCO ₃	Missing (<1.0)	Missing (<1.0)
Nitrate (NO ₃)	ppm as CaCO ₃	ND	ND
Silica (SiO ₂)	ppm	Missing (<30)	Missing (<30)
Conductivity	μ.S/cm	474	397
pH	Standard Unit	8.27	8.02
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	ppm	< 2.0	< 2.0
Turbidity	NTU	Missing (< 5.0)	Missing (<5.0)
Free Chlorine (Chloramines)	ppm	3.0 max	0
TOC	ppm	2.3	2.1
O&G	ppm	0.0	0.0
Iron, total (Fe)	ppm	1.0	0.42
Manganese (Mn)	ppm	.083	ND
Temperature	°F	55 - 70	110 MAX

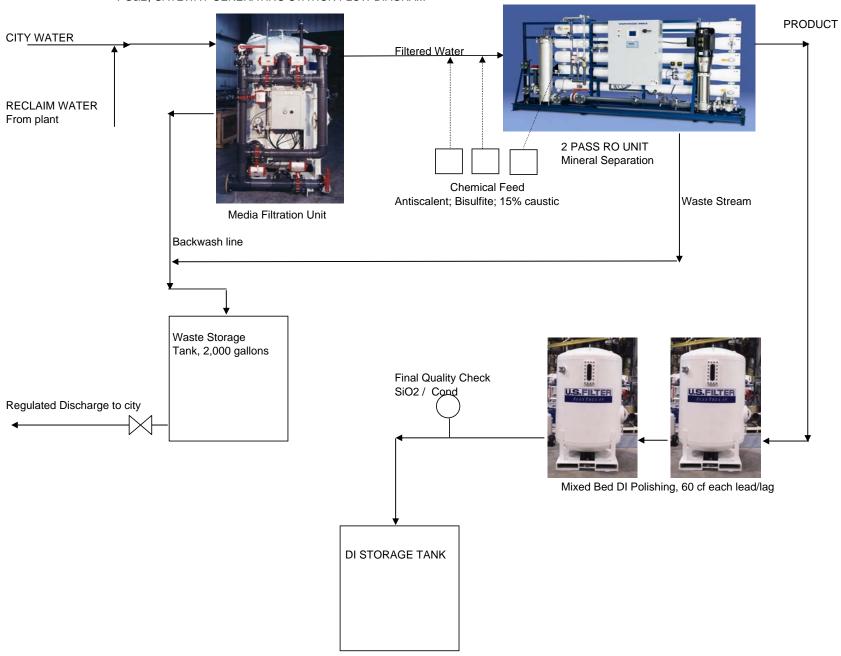
PRODUCT WATER - QUANTITY

Description	Design
Flowrate - GPM	60 gpm, max
Pressure - psig	40
Availability - %	99%

PRODUCT WATER - QUALITY

Quality Parameter	Maximum	Expected
Silica – ppb as ion	< 10 ppb	< 10 ppb
Conductivity – uS/cm	< 1	< 0.1

PG&E, GATEWAY GENERATING STATION FLOW DIAGRAM



ATTACHMENT C DDSD's APPROVAL ON DISCHARGE OF RO REJECT WATER TO THEIR TREATMENT SYSTEM



Delta Diablo Sanitation District

OFFICE AND TREATMENT PLANT: 2500 PITTSBURG-ANTIOCH HIGHWAY, ANTIOCH, CA 94509-1373

TEL.: (925) 756-1900 ADMIN. FAX: (925) 756-1961 MAINT. FAX: (925) 756-1963 OPER. FAX: (925) 756-1962 TECH. SVCS. FAX: (925) 756-1960 www.ddsd.org

May 27, 2010

Mr. Angel Espiritu PG & E Gateway Generating Station 3225 Wilbur Avenue Antioch, CA 94509

SUBJECT:

REVERSE OSMOSIS TREATMENT PROCESS APPROVAL AND DISTRICT

TOTAL ISSOLVED SOLIDS TECHNICAL REVIEW

Dear Mr. Espiritu:

Delta Diablo Sanitation District (the District) has reviewed your request to switch over from the current demineralization water treatment process to the new Reverse Osmosis (RO) water treatment system. The District shall grant approval for the use of the RO system.

Please be advised that the District has contractual Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) water quality standard requirement obligations for providing and maintaining recycled water from the District's Recycled Water Facility (RWF) to its customers.

The District is in the process of a technical review regarding TDS contributions to the District's wastewater treatment plant. Pending the outcome of this study, the District may implement future TDS regulations and/or policies to manage this constituent within the District's service area.

If you have any questions, please contact Andrew Kobayashi, District Inspector, at (925) 756-1929. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Darrell Cain

Laboratory Manager

DC:zr

cc:

Andrew Kobayashi, Industrial Monitoring Inspector, DDSD\

Caln

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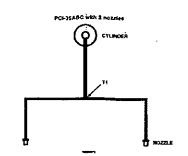
NPDES.07.02-PREDOC-1958

ATTACHMENT D PHOTO OF TYPICAL PRE-FABRICATED METAL SHED



Photo of Typical Pre-fabricated Metal Shed

ATTACHMENT E HAZARDOUS MATERIALS/WASTE SHED: SPECIFICATION



Total Flooding Piping Limits PCI-35ABC

Cylinder Size	Hozzie Guentry	Hozzie Type	Piping Section	Size	Langth Maximum	Elbown Maximum
PCI-35ABC	2	NF-ABC	Cylinder to T1	3/4"	307	4
-:			Tt to Hozzie	3/4"	9	2
HOTE:				•		

1. PCI-35ASC must always use two (2) NF-ASC nozzles

System piping must be balanced. Selanced piping is that in which the difference between the interest offeat pipe lengt from less less to receive and the longest enture pipe length both less less to nective does not exceed 10% offea longest actual pipe length from less less to nozzle. The number and type of filtings even all sets less to mozite sectille enture.

are Tee Check, Model TC-1, may be located between the councir and T1, and counts at the above in the

spleahable hezard exists where figure for in depth greater 6. Nozzile than IVI's present.

3. Total Flooding with ABC

a. Cylinders:

The Models PCI-17ABC, PCI-3SABC, and PCI-70ABC cylinders can be used for ABC total flooding applications.

b. Nozzles:

The Model RF-ABC is used for all ABC lotal flooding appt-The Model PCF17ABC can support one (1) Model MF-ABC

The Model PCI-35A8C can export two (2) Model NF-ABC The Model PCI-70ABC can support four (4) Model NF-ABC sozzies.

c. Temperature Ranges: The operating temperature range for ASC total flooding applications is ~20 °F to 120 °F (~28 °C to 48 °C).

d. Piping Requirements:

•	aude limitatio	ris on pipe lengen end	x -	,	
	Nozzle	Specifications Maximum	Hozzle Location Within Protection Zone Langth Width Height	Nozzie Ottes	Hozzie Orientati
	NF-ABC	Volume - See Table 3-2	Length-Center Width-Center	0 6.	Vertical

f. Nozzie Coverages:

Flooding Area

1. Generali
1. The first surjouishing system shall be the stored pressure of the privacy plants and lead counts type manufactured by Pyro-Dean. The system shall provide for the protection of the phatestons. In the system shall provide for the protection of the phateston shared all stores buildings) deposition of desiring 12.—The system shall be expected a dustrants and answers included to the shall be U.L. Used and installed in conformance with hactors first Protection Association Standard Reb. 17. "Or Oremonate Edingshelms Systems" and No. 10. "Plantmakes and Combustible Light Scotia" and comply with all local and/or shall codes and Sandards.
13.—The system shall be designed for operation at antisest temperatures from ~20 °P to 100 °P (~20 °C to 45 °C).

2. Cylinder and Agent 2.1 – Agent The system shall use Pyro-Chem monoammonium - phosphate-based or sodium binarbonets-based dry chemical

2.1 — Apart. The system shall use Pyro-Onen noncommonutary propriet-based or socious biancomist-based by chemical properties of the control based of the con

The nozzle is to be mounted in the collect of the professed may, with the discharge holes in the flects no greater than six (6) inches from the collect. See Figure 3-4.

Figure 3-4

ly open switch alement within the detector, ewelling a signal to the control head which entergizes a schenoid in the portrol head.

3.3.—Presumatic extuation for systems requiring more than five agent cyrellant, the system shall have a PAC-Shallest Fraumatic Adulating Oylindar whose valve opens upon advestors of the control head. The valve shall release intrope first the PAC cyrindar have also have a packed to the PAC cyrindar fraumatic pits and tabing nations. This introduces shall depress a patient above the valve stam in seath agent cyrindar cyrindar early agent cyrindar cyrindar shall not expense agent opinion of the same and the

NOTE

NU1E The Model ECH Corror head is supplied with a Model MS-SPDT Minitaria Switch. However, this selfch must be used in the actuation/lestoon circula and atmost borded for electrical output. A Model MS-DPDT must be Felf Initiated in the Model ECH Corror Head (respecting the MS-SPDT) if electrical output in required.

. These switches may be used to provide an electrical bignal to the main breaker and/or operate electrical accessories provided the staing of the switch is not exceeded. Winding connections for the Model SS-POT/DPDT as shown in Figure 4-23. The contact ratings for both switches are as follows:



Figure 4-23. Wiring Disgram For Model MS-SPOT/DPDT
Ministers Switch.

PIPE AND NOZZLE INSTALLATION

Use Schoole 40 black won (if used in a relatively non-conosine amosphero) galvanized chrome-plated or standards seed por conforming to AST or ATO, 653 or ATO, 68 through must be 300 to Class environment barbook of por 2015 or 12 or 13 th m or 1 in depending on number of negatives.

2. Pipe unions are acceptable.

3. Use reducing tees for all pine share 4. Reducing busings are not acceptable

5. Cast iron pipe and fittings are not ecceptable

6 Pipe thread sealant or pipe joint compound is not allowed for distribution pipes;

2 Before assembling the pupe and latings, make certain all ends are causing research and blown clear of chips and acate inside of pipe and litings must be tree of oil and dist.

Apply tellon tape on Pheaded ands, Start at the second male thread, mapping the tape clockwise around the threads, away from the pipe opening.

CAUTION

On not apply Tellon rape to cover or overlap the pipe opening, as the pipe and nozzles could become blocked and pravens the proper flow of agent

The banger/supports must be installed in conjunction with the pipe and intings. The specing requirements for hangershupports depend on the pipe size being unkeed, refer to the Spacing Guidelnes Chart.

PIPE HANGER SPACING GUIDELINES Distribution Maximum Spacing District Pipe Size Hanger to Hanger Other factors that militance hanger/support spacing are. Hanger-Support must be placed within 5 ht of the discharge nozzle.

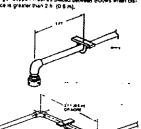


Figure 4-24 Hander/Suproof

TABLE 9-2 Total Flooding Nozzle Protection Chart

TABLE 1-1 Total Flooring Nozzie Protection Chart

Hazinum Dimensors in Settrotzie for one (1) Model NF-ABC

						_					
5001	Mazzie	Manners	i	Military.	Marinera	1	Maczin	Kumm		Notes	Maumon
1 ,000	Height (2.)	Set 2	Set 1	Height	504.2	Side 1	Heiorit	Side 2	3-34 1	Hegh	500 2
		(EL)	(At.)	(8.)	(NL)	(0.)	(1)	6 4.)	80	(E)	au'
3		10.70	7		15.66	11	-	12.92	15	4	7.94
l .		FE 70	į.		15.46	1	9	12.62	1 '-	9	
	10	16.70	5	19	15.40		10	11.78	i i	10	7.94 7.94
	12	16.20	i	11	15.44		11	10.71	1	11	7.85
1	12	16.76	1	12	15 43	1	12	2.82	ł .	iż	7.20
1	117	18.70	ŀ	13	14 24	1	13	9.00	[iš	1.65
,	15	14.70 16.70	l	14	13.22	ŧ	16	1.4	l .	14	8.17
	16	14.20	l	15	12.34		15	7.85	f	15	5.76
ı	17	16.72	l	15	11.57	[18	7.36	I	18	5.40
•	14	16.70	i	17	10.19	1	17	6.93	l	17	5.00
ı	19	16.70	ı		10.29		11	6.55	ł	7.6	4.80
1	26	14.70	i i	19 20	9.74	Į.	19	6 22	F	19	4.55
			I		1.26	ŧ	26	5.89	l	20	- 12
		15.49		-1	14.97	12	 -	12.00	16		5.86
		16.48	ı	9	14.57	1	š	12.00		ŝ	3.00
	10	15 49	ı	10	64 97	l	10	10.80	1	ıš	5.05 5.04
	11	16.49	ı	11	14.23	Ì	ii	9.22		iř	5.66
	12	16.49	ı	12	13 50	t	iż.	1.00	i	- 13	5.66
	12	18.49	ł	13	12.45	i .	13	8-31		12	5.64
1	14	11.49		14	1157	1	14	7.71	•	14	14
i	15	1L49		15	10.62	f	15	7.20		iš	5.44
ı	17	16.43		16	19.13		18	8.75		iš	177
ı	18	10.43		17	9.53		17	8.35		17	5.04 4.78
ı	19	15.49		18	9.00		18	4.00		iii	250
ı	20	14.45		19	8.53	ł	19	5.52		19	121
I—		18.20		50	£ 10		20	\$49		20	4.26
5	1	16 22	9	6	14.35	13		10.91			_
ı	ğ	14.22		š	14.79		ě	10 91			
1	10	14.22		10	14.79	ł	10	9.97			
\$	11	10.22		11	13.09		ΪŤ	9.06			
1	72	10.22		15	1200 .		12	1.31			
ı	13	16.22		13	11.08		12	7.67			
ì	15	16.22		14	13.24		14	7.12			
	16	1623		15	9.90		15	0.65			
	17	15.25		16	9.00		15	6.23			- 1
	18	140		12	9.47	Ī	27	5.86			1
	19	1166		12	100	ĺ	16	5.54			- 1
	25	12.96		20	7.58 7.20		19	3.25			i
							20	4.96			- 1
6		15.67	10	4	13.71	14	8	9.50			
t	. 9	15.07		9	13.71		ě	9.59			ı
l	10	15.87		13	12.94		FÕ	226			- 1
i i	11	15-97		**	15,78		11	8.42 Î			- 1
l	12	15.67		15	10.83		13	7.71			1
l	16	15.67		13	1.97		13	7.12			i
l	15			14	9.21		14	661			- 1
	15	(1.4)		15	£44 .		15	8.17			- 1
		13.50		15	E-10		18	1.79			- 1
	17	12.71		17	7.82		17	5.45			- 1
	19	12.00		18	7.20		18	5.14			- 1
	20	10.83		12	142		19	4.87			ı
		10.00		20	6.42		50	483			1

Detector Placement

8'-6"

Thermal delivitions are required in all hazard areas protected by the Pyro-Diem Industrial Pire Suppression Systems if authoratic by their operation is required. Either mechanical or electrical thermal defectors can be used for authoratic system operation. Mechanical detectors (fundite this) am used in conjunction with the Pyro-Chem Models MCN, MAICH, and EN AMCU dos tool devices. Electrical detectors are used in conjunction such the Pyro-Chem Models ECH-24 and ECH-120 Control "leads."

5'-6"

A temperature survey must be performed to determine the nammum as blent temperature of the hazard survey. The detectors tasked to protect a hazard size must be at least 70°F above the exercisus ambient temperature.

The minimum number of intermal detection (either mechanical or electrical) required for each hazard area in one detects for each retry-free (25) pounds of agent mouthed in mat Nazard area. To determine the number of detectors required in a particular hazard area. Giving an extended amount of agent required for that hazard area, divide the sold amount of agent required for that hazard area, divide the sold amount of agent required for that hazard area, divide and round up. Keep in mind that at it hast one detector is required in every protected hazard area.

Additional de actors may be used to achieve faster system response, no rever, do not exceed the delector limitations outlined in this manual.

Refer to NFP/L-17 for system design requirements

SCOPE OF WORK:

FLOOR PLAN

25'-6"

(4)

install new automatic total flood fire suppression system for storage building

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. All HVAC equipment and smoke / fire dampers to shut upon discharge
- 2. System shall be connected to the building fire alarm panel, if provided (by others)
- 3. System shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 17 and local authority having jurisdaiction

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	PCI 35ABC	35# ABC DRY CHEM TANK
2	МСН3	MECHANICAL CONTROL HEAD
3	NTFABC	TOTAL FLOOD NOZZLE
4	FLK1	FUSIBLE LINK DETECTOR, 165 DEG
5	EMT	1/2" EMT CONDUIT
6	SCH40	SCHEDULE 40 PIPE

INDUSTRIAL DRY!CHEMICAL TOTAL FLOOD FIRE SUPPRESSION

NOTICE: ANY DUPLICATING IS FORBEDD WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF DELTA FIRE EQUIPMENT COMPANY.

LICENSED ENGINEER

SYSTEM NEW \checkmark INSTALLATION OF A TOTAL FLOOD ESSION SUPPRE

STATION VAY GENERATING S AVE. v. 94509

TEWAY UR AVE CA. 945 PG&E GATE 3225 WILBU ANTIOCH, (

REVISION

FS-01

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FIRE SUPPRESSION

2950-01,DWG